

NUMBER 13-11-00368-CV COURT OF APPEALS THIRTEENTH DISTRICT OF TEXAS CORPUS CHRISTI - EDINBURG

IN RE BARRY DWAYNE MINNFEE

On Petition for Writ of Mandamus.

MEMORANDUM OPINION

Before Justices Benavides, Vela, and Perkes Memorandum Opinion Per Curiam¹

Relator, Barry Dwayne Minnfee, proceeding pro se, filed a petition for writ of mandamus on June 9, 2011. The petition for writ of mandamus is unclear regarding the specific actions or orders complained of in this original proceeding or the nature of the extraordinary relief sought by relator.

To be entitled to mandamus relief, relator must establish both that he has no adequate remedy at law to redress his alleged harm, and that what he seeks to compel

¹ See TEX. R. APP. P. 52.8(d) ("When denying relief, the court may hand down an opinion but is not required to do so."); TEX. R. APP. P. 47.4 (distinguishing opinions and memorandum opinions).

is a ministerial act not involving a discretionary or judicial decision. State ex rel. Young

v. Sixth Judicial Dist. Court of Appeals at Texarkana, 236 S.W.3d 207, 210 (Tex. Crim.

App. 2007). If relator fails to meet both of these requirements, then the petition for writ

of mandamus should be denied. See id. It is relator's burden to properly request and

show entitlement to mandamus relief. Barnes v. State, 832 S.W.2d 424, 426 (Tex.

App.-Houston [1st Dist.] 1992, orig. proceeding) ("Even a pro se applicant for a writ of

mandamus must show himself entitled to the extraordinary relief he seeks."). In addition

to other requirements, relator must include a statement of facts supported by citations to

"competent evidence included in the appendix or record," and must also provide "a clear

and concise argument for the contentions made, with appropriate citations to authorities

and to the appendix or record." See generally Tex. R. App. P. 52.3. In this regard, it is

clear that relator must furnish an appendix or record sufficient to support the claim for

mandamus relief. See id. R. 52.3(k) (specifying the required contents for the appendix);

R. 52.7(a) (specifying the required contents for the record).

The Court, having examined and fully considered the petition for writ of

mandamus and the applicable law, is of the opinion that relator has not met his burden

to obtain mandamus relief. See State ex rel. Young, 236 S.W.3d at 210. Accordingly,

relator's petition for writ of mandamus is denied. See Tex. R. App. P. 52.8(a).

PER CURIAM

Do not publish.

TEX. R. APP. P. 47.2(b).

Delivered and filed the

13th day of June, 2011.

2