

COURT OF APPEALS OF VIRGINIA

Present: Judges Petty, AtLee and Senior Judge Clements

AMANDA J. CARROLL BRAMMER

v. Record Nos. 1777-14-3

CRAIG COUNTY DEPARTMENT  
OF SOCIAL SERVICES

MEMORANDUM OPINION\*  
PER CURIAM  
JUNE 9, 2015

FROM THE CIRCUIT COURT OF CRAIG COUNTY  
Malfourd W. Trumbo, Judge

(Kelli C. Boyer; Boyer Law, PLC, on brief), for appellant.

(I. Ray Byrd, Jr.; Diana M. Perkinson, Guardian *ad litem* for the minor child; Law Office of I. Ray Byrd, Jr., P.C.; Perkinson Law Office, on brief), for appellee.

On September 16, 2014, the trial court terminated the residual parental rights of Amanda J. Carroll Brammer (appellant) to her son, J.W., pursuant to Code § 16.1-283(B) and 16.1-283(C)(2). In her assignment of error on appeal, appellant alleges that the trial court erred in terminating her parental rights “when clear and convincing evidence was not proved that she was responsible for the conditions leading to her child being placed in foster care, and she had substantially complied with the remedial services given to her by the Craig County Department of Social Services.” Appellant thus challenges the termination of her parental rights under Code § 16.1-283(B), but not the

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\* Pursuant to Code § 17.1-413, this opinion is not designated for publication.

termination under Code § 16.1-283(C)(2).<sup>1</sup> Terminations under Code § 16.1-283(B) and the subsections of Code § 16.1-283(C) provide distinct, “individual bases upon which a petitioner may seek to terminate residual parental rights.” City of Newport News Dep’t of Soc. Servs. v. Winslow, 40 Va. App. 556, 563, 580 S.E.2d 463, 466 (2003). Appellant’s failure to challenge the termination under Code § 16.1-283(C)(2) renders moot her claim regarding the termination under Code § 16.1-283(B), and we need not consider it. See id. at 563, 580 S.E.2d at 466.

Thus, upon reviewing the record and briefs of the parties, we conclude this appeal is without merit. Accordingly, we summarily affirm the decision of the trial court. See Rule 5A:27.

Affirmed.

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<sup>1</sup> A termination under Code § 16.1-283(C)(2) requires clear and convincing proof that the parent

without good cause, ha[s] been unwilling or unable within a reasonable period of time not to exceed 12 months from the date the child was placed in foster care to remedy substantially the conditions which led to or required continuation of the child’s foster care placement, notwithstanding the reasonable and appropriate efforts of social, medical, mental health or other rehabilitative agencies to such end.

Appellant’s assignment of error does not embrace a challenge to the specific findings required for a termination under Code § 16.1-283(C)(2). Nor does appellant cite Code § 16.1-283(C)(2) in her brief.